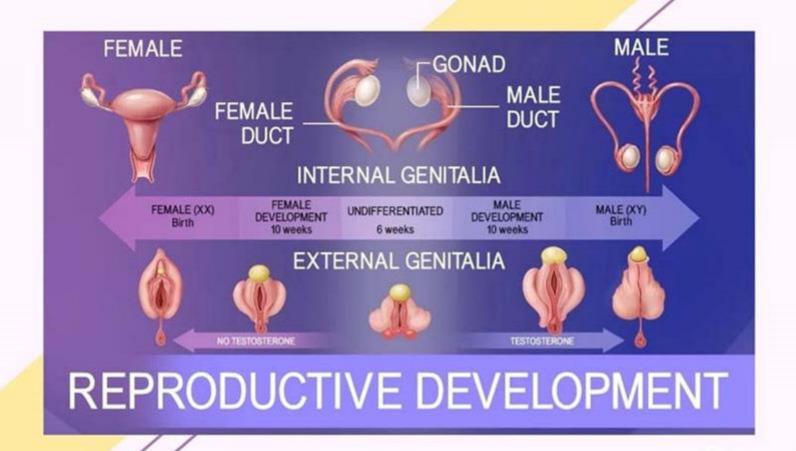
STUDY GUIDE-2ND YEAR MBBS

5th August - 4th September 2024

Duration 5 Week

REPRODUCTIVE MODULE I



STUDY GUIDE FOR REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM MODULE-I

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Module name: Reproductive System-I Year: Two Duration: 5 weeks (August-September 2024)

Timetable hours: Interactive Lectures, Case-Based Learning (CBL), Self-Study, Practicals, Skills, Demonstrations

MODULE INTEGRATED COMMITTEE

MODULE COORDINATOR:	Prof. Saima Athar (Anatomy)
CO-COORDINATORS:	Dr. Sadia Qayyum (Forensic Medicine)

DEPARTMENT RESOURCE PERSONS

BASIC HEALTH SCIENCES	CLINICAL AND ANCILLARY DEPARTMENTS
ANATOMY ◆ Professor Zia-ul-Islam	GYNAE/OBSTETRICS • Dr. Aisha Taj
BIOCHEMISTRY ● Professor Faiza Waseem	MEDICINE ● Prof. Dr. Karim Ullah Makki
• Dr. Saima Zainab	RESEARCH & SKILLS DEVELOPMENT CENTER ■ Dr. Kahkashan Tahir
MICROBIOLOGYProfessor Shaheen Sharafat	
MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY ■ Dr. Sobia Rafiq	
PATHOLOGY ● Professor Naveen Faridi	
PHARMACOLOGY ● Professor Tabassum Zehra	
PHYSIOLOGYProfessor Syed Hafeezul Hassan	

DEPARTMENT of HEALTH PROFESSIONS EDUCATION

- Professor Nighat Huda
- Professor Sobia Ali
- Dr. Afifa Tabassum

• Dr. Yusra Nasir

LNH&MC MANAGEMENT

- Professor K.U. Makki, Principal LNH&MC
- Dr. Shaheena Akbani, Director A.A & R.T LNH&MC

STUDY GUIDE COMPILED BY: Department of Health Professions Education

INTRODUCTION

WHAT IS A STUDY GUIDE?

It is an aid to:

- Inform students how the student learning program of the module has been organized
- Help students organize and manage their studies throughout the module
- Guide students on assessment methods, rules, and regulations

THE STUDY GUIDE:

- Communicate information on the organization and management of the module. This will help the student to contact the right person in case of any difficulty.
- Define the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- identifies the learning strategies such as Interactive Lectures, small group teachings, clinical skills, demonstrations, tutorials, and case-based learning that will be implemented to achieve the module objectives.
- Provide a list of learning resources such as books, computer-assisted learning programs, web-links,
 and journals, for students to consult to maximize their learning.
- Highlights information on the contribution of continuous and semester examinations on the Students' overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's Achievement of objectives.
- focuses on information about examination policy, rules, and regulations.

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK

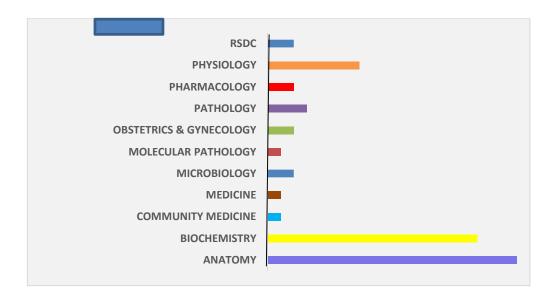
Students will experience an *integrated curriculum* in the modules at LNMC per the JSMU guidelines theatre and the most recent developments that impact individual health.

INTEGRATED CURRICULUM:

Comprises of system-based modules such as Head and Neck, Neurosciences and Endocrinal orgy, and Reproductive System-I which link basic science knowledge to clinical problems. Integrated teaching means that subjects are presented as a meaningful whole. Students will be able to have a better understanding of basic sciences when they repeatedly learn about clinical examples.

Case-based discussions, computer-based assignments, and early exposure to clinics, wards, and skills acquisition in the ills lab and physiotherapy department are characteristics of the integrated teaching program.

INTEGRATING DISCIPLINES OF REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM-I MODULE



LEARNING METHODOLOGIES

The following teaching/learning methods are used to promote better understanding:

- Interactive Lectures
- Small Group Discussion
- Case- Based Learning
- Practical
- Skills session
- Self-Study

INTERACTIVE LECTURES:

In large groups, the Lecturer introduces a topic or common clinical conditions and explains the underlying phenomena through questions, pictures, videos of patient interviews, exercises, etc. Students are actively involved in the learning process.

SMALL GROUP DISCUSSION (SGD): This format helps students to clarify concepts and acquire skills or attitudes. Sessions are structured with the help of specific exercises such as patient cases, interviews, or discussion topics. Students exchange opinions and apply knowledge gained from Interactive Lectures, tutorials, and self-study. The facilitator's role is to ask probing questions, summarize, or rephrase to help clarify concepts.

CASE-BASED LEARNING: A small group discussion format where learning is focused on a series of questions based on a clinical scenario. Students answer the questions by applying relevant knowledge gained in clinical and basic health sciences during the module.

PRACTICAL: Basic science practical's related to anatomy, biochemistry, pathology, pharmacology, and physiology are scheduled for student learning.

SKILLS SESSION: Skills relevant to the respective module are observed and practiced where applicable in the skills laboratory or Department of Physiotherapy.

SELF-STUDY: Students assume responsibility of heir learning through individual study, sharing and discussing with peers, and seeking information from Learning Resource Center, teachers, and resource persons within and outside the college. Students can utilize the time within the college's scheduled hours of self-study.



Apart from attending daily scheduled sessions, students too should engage in self-study to ensure that all the objectives are covered.

MODULE: REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM

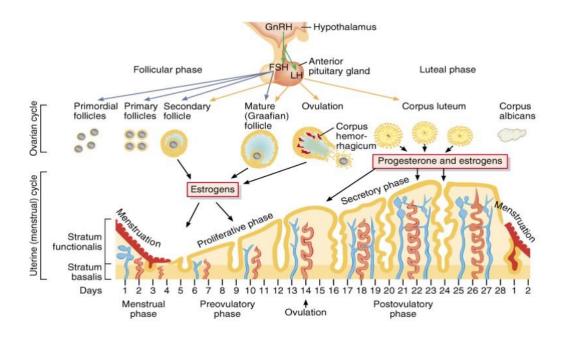
IMPORTANCE:

The module focuses on integrating basic health sciences into clinical medicine. It will be taught in a combination of lectures, tutorials, small group learning sessions, practical and skills classes, and possibly visits to clinical wards The module will explore the normal as well as the abnormal physiology of the male and female reproductive system. Students will be introduced to a variety of pathologies to facilitate a better understanding of how the reproductive system is impacted by diseases. It will give the road overview of the system. The module will also address reproductive hormonal changes associated with different stages of life correlating pathophysiology with clinical presentation. This will extend students' integrative abilities. Video and hands—sessions on basic examination skills will enhance students' understanding of the subject/topic.

AIMS OF THIS MODULE:

The module aims to provide:

- Knowledge and understanding of the structures and functions of the reproductive system and how it
 responds to changing metabolic needs of the body, organs, and, tissues, revealing the relevance of
 such knowledge to clinical practice.
- Knowledge and understanding of the origin and associated risk factors of common diseases of the reproductive system.
- Knowledge and prevention of common hormonal disorders associated with the reproductive system.
- Practice basic skills used in testing the function of this system in a simulated clinical setting.
- Knowledge of drugs used to treat reproductive system diseases.



COURSE TOPICS, OBJECTIVES, AND STRATEGIES

At the end of the module the students will be able to:

ANATOMY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
1. Pelvis and its types (Sacrum + Joints of Pelvis)	
Discuss the features of a bony pelvis	
Describe the boundaries of the pelvic inlet & outlet	
Differentiate between the male and female pelvis	
Discuss the important points of pelvimetry	
• Explain the types, articulations, ligaments, relations, and movements of joints of the pelvis	
List factors providing stability to the joints of the f pelvis	
Dural venous sinuses	
Male and female bony pelvis	_
2. Osteology of Sacrum	Tutorial /
Discuss the osteology of sacrum	Interactive
List the muscles and ligaments attached to the o sacrum	Lecture / Practical
3. Pelvic Boundaries	Practical
Describe the anatomy of the pelvic walls	
Enumerate the muscles of the pelvic floor/pelvic diaphragm	
Discuss the attachment & actions of muscles in the f pelvic floor/pelvic diaphragm	
Discuss the blood supply, nerve supply& lymphatic drainage of pelvic floor muscles	
Describe the attachment & significance of pelvic fascia	
Discuss the clinical conditions associated with the pelvic floor & fascia	
Discuss the role of the pelvic floor in urinary and fecal continence	
4. Pelvic Malformations	
Discuss pelvic malformations in males and females	
5. Blood supply, venous and lymphatic drainage of the pelvis	Interactive
Describe the blood supply, nerve supply & lymphatic drainage of the pelvis	Lecture
6. Testis, Epididymis and Scrotum	
Describe the anatomy of the testis	
Describe the anatomy of the f Ductus Deferens, Epididymis & Ejaculatory duct	
Describe the histological features of the testis and epididymis	
7. Pelvic peritoneal reflections in male & female	
Describe pelvic reflections in males and females	Interactive
8. Perineum: division, spaces, and urogenital region	Lecture/
Describe the gross anatomical features of the perineum	Tutorial
List the boundaries of the f perineum	
Discuss the blood supply, nerve supply and lymphatic drainage of the perineum	

LIAQUAT NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE

LIAQUAT NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE 2"4 YEAR MBBS, REPRODUCTIVE SYS	TEIVI IVIODULE-I
Describe the male urogenital triangle and its contents	
Describe the gross anatomy, blood supply, nerve supply and lymphatic drainage of the male urethra	
Discuss the clinical conditions associated with the penis & male urethra	
Describe the female urogenital triangle and its contents	
9. Perineum: Anal triangle, Anal canal and ischiorectal Fossa	1
Describe the division of the f perineum into anal and urogenital triangles	
Discuss the boundaries and features of the f anal triangle	
Discuss the importance of the of pectineal line concerning the vasculature and	
lymphatic drainage of the rectum and anal canal	
10. Nerves of pelvis s, perineum, and sacral plexus	Interactive
Enumerate the nerves innervating the pelvis	Lecture
Describe the Sacral plexus and its formation	/Small Group Session
Describe the branches and divisions of the sacral plexus	36331011
Discuss coccygeal plexus	_
Describe hypogastrictria plexus, its location, form, time, and branches	
Discuss the injuries associated with the nerves of the pelvis, perineum, and sacral plexus	
11. Prostate, Seminal vesicles & Bulbourethral glands	
Describe the gross features of the following male internal organs:	
i. Prostate gland	
ii. Seminal Vesicles	
iii. Ductus deference	Interactive
iv. Bulbourethral glands	Lecture
Discuss their location, relations, blood supply, nerve supply & lymphatic drainage.	/Practical
 Discuss the clinical conditions associated with h prostate gland, seminal vesicles & bulbourethral glands 	
Describe the histological features of the prostate, seminal vesicle, and bulbourethral	_
gland	
12. Development of the male reproductive system and Spermatogenesis	
Describe the process of spermatogenesis	
List the timeline of the development of the le reproductive system	
Describe the process of development of parts of the f of the reproductive system	Interactive
Discuss the development of male external genitalia	Lecture
Discuss the congenital anomalies of the male genital system	
i. Cryptorchidism (un-descended testes)	
ii. Hypospadiasis and other malformation of the urethra	
Gross anatomy of Male external genitalia & Spermatic cord	
13. Gross anatomy of the female genital tract, Ovary & Fallopian tube	
State the location the of ovary & fallopian tube]
Describe the parts & functions of fallopian tube	Interactive
Explain the ligaments of the ovary & fallopian tube	Lecture/ Small Group
Describe the blood supply, nerve supply & lymphatic drainage of ovary & fallopian tube	Session
Discuss the clinical correlates of ovary & fallopian tube	
Describe the histological features of the ovary & fallopian tube	

LIAQUAT NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE

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Discuss the gross and microscopic anatomy of mammary glands. Lecture	20. Gross And Microscopic Anatomy Of Mammary Glands	Interactive
	Discuss the gross and microscopic anatomy of mammary glands.	Lecture

BIOCHEMISTRY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
1. Male Sex Hormones	
List the male sex hormones	
Discuss the production of male sex hormones	
Explain the synthesis, chemical structure, mechanism of action, and metabolic	
functions of male sex hormones	
Discuss the hypothalamic-pituitary axis of male sex hormones	
Discuss the regulation and feedback mechanism of male sex hormones	Interactive
Describe the clinical diseases and complications associated with male sex hormones	Lecture/
Discuss the clinical importance of Male Sex hormones (e.g. Infertility)	Tutorial/Case-
Interpret relevant clinical conditions correlated with their laboratory investigations	Based
2. Female sex hormones	Learning
List the female sex hormones	
Discuss the production of female sex hormones	
Explain the synthesis, chemical structure, mechanism of action, and metabolic functions of female sex hormones	
Discuss the hypothalamic-pituitary axis of female sex hormones	
Discuss the regulation of female sex hormones and the feedback mechanism	
Describe the clinical diseases and complications associated with female sex hormones	
3. Pituitary Hormone and Menstrual Cycle	
Explain the biochemical functions of the female reproductive system	
Discuss hormonal regulation (the hypothalamic-pituitary-ovarian axis) during prepuberty, puberty, and menopause	
Describe the menstrual cycle (Ovarian and uterine cycles)	
Discuss the three phases of the ovarian cycle (Follicular, Ovulation, and Luteal)	
Discuss the three phases of the uterine cycle (Menstrual, Proliferative, and Secretory)	
Explain the hormonal changes at menarche and menopause	
Discuss the clinical abnormalities of the menstrual cycle and its biochemical investigations	Interactive
4. Biochemical changes during menopause	Lecture
Define menopause	
Discuss the hormonal and biochemical changes during menopause	
Discuss the clinical conditions associated with menopause	
Describe the types of amenorrhea	
5. Biochemical role of the Placenta	
List the placental hormones	
Discuss the cells type and production of placental hormones	
Explain the synthesis, chemical structure, mechanism of action, and metabolic functions of placental hormones	

LIAQUAT NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE

Discuss the hypothalamic-pituitary axis of placental hormones Discuss the regulation of placental hormones and feedback mechanism Describe the clinical conditions associated with placental hormones and their lab investigations List the biochemical markers of fetal development Discuss the normal composition of amniotic fluid Discuss the functions of amniotic fluids Discuss the clinical conditions associated with amniotic fluid Discuss the laboratory investigations of amniotic fluid Structure of DNA & RNA Explain the central dogma of molecular biology Describe the biochemical structure, types, and functions of DNA and RNA Discuss briefly the genetic disorders Define Replication Discuss the process of DNA Replication Discuss the disorders related to DNA replication and repair (e.g. Xerodermapigmentosa and radiation damage) Transcription Define Transcription Define Transcription Define Transcription Define Transcription Define Transcription Explain the process of Post transcription in Eukaryotes Describe the mechanism of transcription in Eukaryotes Discuss the process of Post transcription modification (mRNA, tRNA, and rRNA) Explain the process of Post transcription modification (mRNA, tRNA, and rRNA) Define Translation Explain the genetic code, codon, and wobble hypothesis Discuss the process of Post translation Explain the genetic code, codon, and wobble hypothesis Discuss the inhibitors of protein synthesis Discuss the different types of mutations Discuss the different types of mutations Discuss the clinical importance of menstrual cycle abnormalities Interpret relevant clinical conditions correlated with their laboratory investigations Mutations Discuss the clinical importance of mutations (e.g. sickle cell anemia etc.) Interpret relevant clinical conditions correlated with their laboratory investigations Interpret relevant clinical conditions correlated with their laboratory investigations	LIAQUAT NATIONAL MEDICAL COL	LLEGE 2" YEAR WIBBS, REPRODUCTIVE SYS	TEIVI IVIODOLL-I
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15. Pregnancy test Practical	Interpret relevant clinical cond	ditions correlated with their laboratory investigations	
	15. Pregnancy test		Practical

LIAQUAT NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE

Outline the methods for the performance of pregnancy test
Explain the principle of the HCG one-step pregnancy test
 Perform urine pregnancy test by using a dipstick (β-HCG levels)
Interpret relevant clinical conditions correlated with their laboratory investigations
16. Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)
Explain the principle and procedure of PCR
Describe the applications of PCR
•Interpret relevant clinical conditions correlated with their laboratory investigations

COMMUNITY MEDICINE

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
CHS family planning & its Bio psychosocial framing	
Describe the basic concept of the family planning method	
Outline the importance of family planning.	Lecture / Tutorial
Discuss Public Health aspect of reproductive Health	Tutoriai
Discuss Nutrition in Adolescents]

MEDICINE

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
COVID in pregnancy	
Discuss the sign & symptoms of pregnant females with Covid-19	Interactive
Discuss the complications of Covid-19 infections in pregnant female	Lecture /
Explain the importance of maternal and fetal Outcomes in Covid-19 infection	Practical
Discuss the management and prevention of Covid-19 in pregnant females	
Discuss the importance of Community Based Services	
Outreach center visit	
Visit to Senior Citizen Primary Care Center LNH	

MICROBIOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
Infection prevention & control	
List the types of vaccines that can be administered during pregnancy	
Discuss the mechanism of action of various vaccines	Interactive
Discuss the possible side effects of vaccines	Lecture
Microorganisms causing diseases in Pregnancy	
Describe infections caused by Pathogens that affect the baby in intra-uterine life	
Pathogens causing fetal abnormalities during pregnancy	

MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	
Mutations	
Define key terms associated with the gene mutations and chromosome mutations.	
Identify different types of mutations.	
Explain the cause of mutations.	
State the potential effects of mutations on proteins produced as being beneficial, neutral, or harmful,	Interactive Lecture
Recognize substitution, insertion, and deletion gene mutations,	
Recognize duplication, inversion, and deletion chromosomal mutations,	
Distinguish between spontaneous mutations and induced mutations	

OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
Uterine Prolapse	
Discuss the anatomy of Uterus & Vagina and their anatomical support	
Correlate the anatomical defects causing this problem	
Risk Factors causing this problem	
Outline of management	Interactive
Common disorders of menstrual cycle	Lecture
Antenatal care	
Discuss the significance of antenatal care	
Identification of high-risk cases and appropriate management	
Prevent complications to decrease maternal and perinatal morbidity and mortality	
Counsel the mother to maintain good health during pregnancy	

PATHOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
1. Prostatitis and benign prostatic hyperplasia	
Describe the pathophysiology & clinical presentation of benign prostatic hyperplasia and prostatitis	
2. Vaginal Infections	
Describe the pathophysiology of vaginal Infections	
3. Pelvic Inflammatory Diseases (PID)	Interactive
•Discuss the microorganism, pathogenesis, morphology, and complication of Pelvic Inflammatory Diseases (PID)	Lecture
4. Fibroids]
•Define fibroids	
•List the different types of fibroids	
Discuss their origin & pathophysiology of fibroids	
Discuss different sign & symptoms of fibroids	

PHARMACOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
1. Contraceptive drugs	latanatina
Classify contraceptive drugs	Interactive Lecture
Discuss the dynamics of different hormonal contraceptive drugs	
2. Estrogens and Anti-estrogens	
•Classify estrogens and antiestrogens	Small Group Discussion
•Discuss the basic and clinical pharmacology of these agents	
•Treatment of PCOS	

PHYSIOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY	
1. Spermatogenesis, Semen & Capacitation of Sperms		
Explain the stages of spermatogenesis	Interactive	
Describe the hormonal control of spermatogenesis	Lecture /	
Discuss Interpretation of a semen sample	Practical	
Discuss Premenopausal syndrome		
2. Male Sex Hormone: Testosterone & its functions		
Describe the synthesis, function, and regulation of male sex hormones		
Spermatogenesis and Male sex hormones		
3. Abnormalities of Male sexual function	Interactive	
Discuss the abnormalities of male sexual function (hypo and hypergonadism)	Lecture/	
4. Functions of Ovary	Small	
	Group	
Discuss oogenesis, stages of follicle development through ovulation and formation of corpus luteum	Discussion	
Discuss Functions of Ovaries and Ovarian Hormones	/ Tutorial / CBL	
Discuss Polyeystic Ovarian syndrome	·	
Discuss Sexually transmitted diseases	1	
Describe Endometrial & Ovarian cycle	1	
Discuss Hormonal control of Menstrual cycle and physiological changes in pregnancy		
5. Puberty, Menstrual Cycle, Menarche & Menopause	Interactive	
Describe the synthesis, function, and regulation of hormones in the n female reproductive system	Lecture/	
Describe the hormonal changes and control mechanism of the changes that occur during puberty	Small	
• Explain the secondary sexual characteristics that develop during puberty in males and females	Group	
 Explain the control of secretion of FSH and LH through negative and positive feedback during the menstrual cycle 	Discussion/ Case-Based	
 Describe the cyclical changes that occur in endometrium and hormonal mechanisms that control these changes 	Learning / SDL	
Discuss Post-Menopausal		
6. Pregnancy, Functions of Placenta, Maternal Changes During Pregnancy & Parturition		
List hormones secreted by the placenta and their actions		
Interpret endocrine assays during the course of pregnancy		
Describe the physiological changes during pregnancy concerning all organs and systems	Interactive	
Describe briefly parturition, especially its stages, mechanism & hormones	Lecture/	
Discuss female reproductive system (Practical / SGD)	Small	
7. Mammary Gland & Lactation	Group	
Describe the hormonal requirements for the development of the mammary gland during pregnancy and milk ejection reflexes	Discussion	

	Interactive
	Lecture/
	Small
	Group
8. Physiology of Lactation	Discussion
Describe the Physiology of Lactation	
Describe the hormonal control of lactation	

RESEARCH & SKILLS DEVELOPMENT CENTER

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
Per vaginal examination	
Perform per vaginal examination by examination and inspection of external genitalia.	
learn the technique of speculum insertion and proper handling.	
Identify and inspect the cervix using the speculum.	
Perform a bimanual finger examination to palpate e cervix and the cervical	Hands-on / Practical
Identify the uterus size and position.	Tractical
Palpate adnexa and fallopian tubes.	
Prostate examination	
Perform prostate examination	

EMBRYOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
Discuss the Congenital anomalies of male reproductive system (CBD)]
Discuss the Development of male reproductive system	Interactive
Discuss the Congenital abnormalities of FRT	Lecture / CBL / SDL
Discuss the Development of Female Reproductive Tract	CBL/ 3DL
Discuss Klinefelters syndrome	

HISTOLOGY

OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGY
Describe the histology of Testes, Epididymis & Vas deference	- Practical / - SGD
Describe the histology of Prostate, seminal vesicle & bulbourethral gland	
Describe the histology of Ovary & Fallopian tubes	
Describe the histology of Uterus, cervix and vagina	

PAKISTAN STUDIES

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
Discuss the Ideology of Pakistan	Locturo
Discuss the Pakistan Movement	Lecture

RADIOLOGY

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
Discuss Imaging of Male & Female pelvic organs	SGD

DHPE

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
Developing e-poster presentation	Hands on demonstration

LEARNING RESOURCES:

SUBJECT	RESOURCES
ANATOMY	A. GROSS ANATOMY 1. K.L. Moore, Clinically Oriented Anatomy 2. Neuro Anatomy by Richard Snell B. HISTOLOGY 1. B. Young J.W. Health Wheather's Functional Histology C. EMBRYOLOGY 1. KeithL. Moore. The Developing Human 2. Langman's Medical Embryology
BIOCHEMISTRY	1. Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry 2. Lehninger Principle of Biochemistry 3. Biochemistry by Devlin
	 TEXTBOOKS Textbook of Medical Physiology by Guyton and Hall Ganong'S Review of Medical Physiology Human Physiology by Lauralee Sherwood Berne and Levy Physiology Best and Taylor Physiological Basis of Medical Practice REFERENCE BOOKS Guyton and Hall Physiological Review Essentials of Medical Physiology by Jaypee Textbook of Medical Physiology by Indu Khurana Short Textbook of Physiology by Arthur NMS Physiology

ASSESSMENT METHODS:

- Best Choice Questions (BCQs) also known as MCQs (Multiple Choice Questions)
- Objective Structured Practical/Clinical Examination (OSPE or OSCE)

Internal Evaluation

- Students will be assessed comprehensively through multiple methods.
- 20% marks of internal evaluation will be added to JSMU final exam. That 20% may include class tests, assignments, practicals, and the internal exam which will all have specific marks allocation.

Formative Assessment

Individual departments may hold quizzes or short answer questions to help students assess their learning. The marks obtained are not included in the internal evaluation

For JSMU Examination Policy, please consult the JSMU website!

More than 75% attendance is needed to sit for the internal and final examination



LNH&MC EXAMINATION RULES & REGULATIONS

- Student must report to examination hall/venue, 30 minutes before the exam.
- Exam will begin sharply at the given time.
- No student will be allowed to enter the examination hall after 15 minutes of scheduled examination time.
- Students must sit according to their roll numbers mentioned on the seats.
- Cell phones are strictly not allowed in the examination hall.
- If any student is found with a cell phone in any mode (silent, switched off, or on) he/she will not be allowed to continue their exam.
- No students will be allowed to sit in an exam without University Admit Card, LNMC
 College ID Card, and Lab Coat
- Students must bring the following stationary items for the exam: Pen, Pencil, Eraser, and Sharpener.
- Indiscipline in the exam hall/venue is not acceptable. Students must not possess any written material or communicate with their fellow students.

SCHEDULE

WEEKS	2 ND YEAR	MONTH
WEEK 1-5	REPRODUCTIVE MODULE – I	5 th August 2024
		4 th September 2024

^{*}Final dates will be announced later.